

INDIVIDUALIZED SCHOOL DIABETES CARE PLAN

Effective for the 20_____ to 20____ school year

TO BE COMPLETED BY	<u>THE FAMILY</u> AND SUBMITTED F	OR THE PROVIDER'S REVIEW AND SIGN	ATURE
Student's name:		Date of birth:	
Diagnosis: □ Type 1 Diab	etes 🗆 Type 2 Diabetes 🗆 MODY	(monogenic) Age diagnosed:	
Contact Information			
E-mail address:			
Phone: Home	Work	Cell	
E-mail address:	Work	Call	
Thorie. Home	WOIN		
•	/from school: \square Car \square Bus \square V	Valks s:	
Diabetes Care Provide	r/Education Team: <u>Banner</u>	<u> Children's Specialists - Endocrinolog</u>	Y
□ Rachel Calendo, NP □ Amy E	by, NP 🗆 Joel Hahnke, MD 🗆 Soumya N	lagaraja, MD 🗆 Anna Sandstrom, MD	
	a): phone: (480) 827-5370 ndale): phone: (602) 865-4540		

Emergencies: **DIAL 911**

** APPLICABLE TO ALL SECTIONS OF THIS PLAN **:

Parent/guardian is able to and WILL adjust insulin settings or other plan specifics and will notify the health office. However, this does not include requests to override insulin pump dose recommendations.

Provider/diabetes team will not provide updated orders for dose or plan changes.

Additional Resources

We recommend using the resources at the American Diabetes Association Safe at School website/information to supplement your knowledge regarding care for diabetes at school.

https://diabetes.org/tools-support/know-your-rights/safe-at-school-state-laws

If problems, concerns, or questions arise, please contact the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) first. The diabetes education team is unable to discuss protected health information (PHI) unless permission is provided by the parent(s)/guardian(s) in writing. Please fax a signed release authorizing our team to share student's PHI with the school health office, if applicable. Dose adjustments will be communicated through the parent(s)/guardian(s), not the diabetes education team or diabetes clinic.

Here is a QR code to Banner Children's diabetes education book:



Student name		Grade/Teacher: _		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Da	ite:	
Glucose Mo	nitoring (d	Continuous glucose moni	tori	ng or blood	gluco	se testing)	
* NOTE: In ac should be offe Goal range for Usual times to Times to do ex befor after wher (see	ercordance was ered in the core BG is: check BG: chec	ks (check all that apply): s symptoms of a high or logh and low BG symptoms	or ow	then possible to the stud □to _ BG or reque	e, BG lent's	checks and insu education. mg/dL check	
	-	ous glucose monitor (CGM	-				
_	•	ms his/her own BG tests?					
Type of BG me		altered mental status, tim	ies (or iliness, or	wner	i neip is requeste	ea
* DO NOT NOTE: Meal dos	ADJUST CALC se is added to nearest half	en during school hou CULATED INSULIN DOSES M correction dose (if needed) unit, unless otherwise indicated	<i>VITH</i>) and	HOUT APPRO	VAL FI e same	ROM CAREGIVER/ e time. All insulin d	GUARDIAN* doses are usually
	Numbers	Rounding		Numbers	Rou	nding]
	0.1	Round down to full unit		0.6 - 0.7		nd down to 0.5	
	0.2	Round down to full unit		0.8		nd up to full unit	_
	0.3 - 0.4	Round up to 0.5		0.9		nd up to full unit	_
	0.5	Give half unit		1	Give	full unit	J
□ Pre-r minute dosing □ Insul unit foi	Delivery demeal dosing a following a pre-meal. in:Carbohydrevery	Ilin (subcutaneous injection vice: vice: vial/syringe dispreferred. To be administed meal; student should be rate ratios: Breakfast: grams carbs eaten; me Dose medication: Name	oosa ered allo 1 un	able pen property part of the pen property prope	en w nan 20 s to th	ith cartridges I minutes prior to the front of the luit grams carbs ea grams carbs car	o a meal or 10 nch line if ten; Snacks : 1 bs eaten
Student's le							
Student can dra		-		□ Yes □	¬ N∩	□ With supervision	on
Student can inje				□ Yes □		•	
•	•	ecking insulin dose:		□ Yes □		5450. 71010	
Trained adult to draw up/administer insulin injection:				□ Yes □		☐ Only if request	ed
Student is on an insulin pump:						[if yes, see p. 5	
Student is fully independent with diabetes care:				□ Yes □	□ No		

Diet: Student may eat what he/she chooses for lunch or snacks, as long as insulin is dosed according to the Insulin:Carbohydrate ratio.

Student name:	Grade/Teacher: _	Date:		
Treatment of HIGH	BG (hyperglycemia):			
		's usual symptoms are checked):		
	ed thirst or dry mouth	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	ed urination	□ Moodiness		
□ Headac	ne	 Loss of focus, hyperactivity 		
General management ste	eps for high BG:			
	ry a water bottle and drink 8-16 o			
	the restroom as often as needed			
	sulin correction dose as ordered			
	_	ving any symptoms, the student may		
	until next correction dose is			
	_	reducing BG levels. Avoid early re-testing.		
When to check for keton		and the second many second in a second in a d		
		eason (a recent meal/snack is explained)		
normal/low)	less: nausea, vorniung, leurargy	, fever, or trouble breathing (even if glucose is		
What to do if ketones pro	ecent:			
•		ood ketone level is 0.9 mmol/L or lower, insulin		
	according to the correction dosing			
		etone level is 1.0 mmol/L or higher, insulin		
		below. Notify the student's parent or		
guardian immediately. Do not allow student to participate in exercise. Consider				
		ketones and student is feeling unwell.		
Insulin corrections for	r high BG: [□ student is on a pu	ımp. see p. 51		
		,, ,		
Give a correction when BG above (circle one) 120 / 150 / 180 mg/dL and it has been at least 3 hours				
since the last insulin dose. A correction factor (CF) is the number of points 1 unit of rapid-acting				
insulin is expected to drop the BG level. This student's CF is , meaning 1 unit of insulin will drop BG by about mg/dL. Calculate correction using target BG (circle one) 120 / 150 / 180 mg/dL other:				
	Calculate correction using targe	et be (circle one) 120 / 130 / 160 mg/dL other.		
IIIg/uL.				
	- =	÷ = Correction		
Blo	od Correction Amount to	Correction		
Gluc		Factor		
	3			
Rules for giving insulin of				
 Corrections may be added to mealtime doses. If the BG level on a meter reads "HI," assume the BG is 500 mg/dL for the calculation. 				
		east 3 hours since the last insulin dose.		
This 3-hour rule applies to BG <u>corrections</u> only; insulin should be given to cover all				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ed to treat a low BG or before exercise.		

Rules for giving insulin corrections for moderate or large ketones (extra insulin is needed):

If moderate or large ketones , give rapid-acting insulin to correct every 2 hours until ketones are			
negative, trace, or small:			
If urine ketones are moderate	Multiple total insulin dose (correction + carb if eating)		
(or blood ketones 1.0-1.5 mmol/L):	by 1.1 (10% increase)		
If urine ketones are large	Multiple total insulin dose (correction + carb if eating)		
(or blood ketones 1.6 mmol/L or higher)	by 1.2 (20% increase)		

Student name:	Grade/Teacher:	Date:
Treatment of LOW BG (hy	poglycemia):	
Student should be treated when	BG is below 70 mg/dL, or b	elow 80 mg/dL with symptoms.
Symptoms of low BG (hy	wsiness	nt's usual symptoms are checked): Upset stomach, nausea Dizziness Headache Difficulty thinking straight Uncooperative, behavioral changes
For BG levels between	n 50-70 mg/dL, or below	80 mg/dL with symptoms:
□ Give student 10 □ Give student 10 □ Give student 10 □ grams fast For BG levels below 5	-	
	0 grams fast-acting carbs* 0 grams fast-acting carbs* -acting carbs*	
		15 grams include: 4 ounces of juice, 4 ckets, or $\frac{1}{2}$ tube of glucose gel.]
Have the student sit or lie down until BG is >70 mg/dL.	to minimize activity. Reche	ck BG in 15 minutes. Repeat steps above
Once the BG is >70 mg/dL, if a or complex carbs. If this meal/s		n the next hour, give a snack containing fat ulin for the carbs as instructed.

Treatment of SEVERE LOW BG (severe hypoglycemia):

A severely low BG level is a low BG that causes altered mental status, the student being unable or unwilling to take in glucose gel or juice, loss of consciousness, or seizure.

- Call 911.
- Give glucagon emergency kit/Gvoke/Zegalogue/Baqsimi.

Dose = ____ mg intramuscularly (glucagon kit) or subcutaneously (Gvoke/Zegalogue), or 3 mg intranasally (Baqsimi)

- Roll student on their side and expect vomiting after glucagon is given.
- Protect the student from immediate injury. Stay with student until help arrives. Do not put anything into student's mouth if unconscious.
- Administer sips of carb-containing clear liquids once student is alert and not vomiting. Recheck BG in 15 minutes. If the BG is above 70 mg/dL, follow with a snack of 10-15 grams carbs with fat/complex carbs and *do not* give insulin.

*Notiry Stud	ent's parent/guardian an	id school nearth of	nice after any se	evere low bG event.
Student nam	e: Grad	de/Teacher:	Dat	e:
For student	s using insulin pumps:	[not applicable for t	this student]	
Type of rapid-a	Autocting insulin used in pump: n set (if known):		(AID)? Yes / No	
	o doses/setting vary and can be garding pump settings.	e found in the student	s pump settings. Co	ntact parent(s)/guardian(s
Counts Boluses Calcula Disconr Reconn Prepare Inserts	of independence regarding puri- carbohydrates independently correctly for amount of carbs of tes and delivers correction bolu- nects pump independently ects pump independently es reservoir and tubing (or Pod) infusion set (or Pod) independent troubleshoot alarms and malfu	consumed uses correctly independently ently	□ Yes	□ No□ No□ No□ No□ No□ No
	ed high BG levels (greater t	. ,	□ 1 es	□ NO
•]	 f moderate or large: Change infusion set/pur Give a correction dose of moderate or large ketor Resume normal use of particles in the provided in the provi	of insulin by injection nes" chart on bottom o pump f insulin via pump , and follow the "if ketones in	of p. 3 d re-check BG in 2 h moderate or large"	nours. If there is no instructions above.
** If th	ere is a question of sensor according. <i>Otherwise, the stud</i>	uracy with the CGM, st	udent should perfor	m finger poke BG readings
Brand of CGM: Receiver type (must be kept with student): \Box	Receiver/reader Ins	ulin pump 🗆 Cell ph	one/personal device
Audible alerts:	 □ High glucose alert: □ Low glucose alert: □ Severe low glucose alert: □ Rate of change alert: □ Low threshold suspend: 	mg/dL mg/dL _55 mg/dL <i>(cann</i> mg/dL/hour mg/dL <i>(if app</i>	(rise or fall)	
Action plan: **CGMs and i	 If student is using cell phone If the CGM sensor (site) comstudent's name and send it ho Parents/guardians may be maulin pumps are able to go 	nes off while at school, ome with the student nonitoring CGM data re	place sensor in a ba	ag labeled with the

Student name:	_ Grade/Teacher:	Date:			
Exercise and Sports: Exercise is a natural way to reduce BG levels. A rapid-acting source of glucose, such as glucose tablets, candy, or juice, must be available to the student at the site of physical education, recess, and sports. Unless the BG level is >180 mg/dL, the student may require extra carbohydrates, without insulin coverage, for 30-60 minutes of moderate activity. Recommended carb intake is as follows:					
 If BG is 70-99 mg/dL, give 20-25 grams carbs before the activity If BG is 100-180 mg/dL, give 10-15 grams carbs before the activity If BG is 181 mg/dL or higher, no extra carbs should be given before the activity If BG is >250 mg/dL, check ketones, and do not allow exercise if urine ketones are moderate or large/above 1.0 mmol/L for blood ketones, or student feels unwell. 					
BG level should be tested: \Box before activity, \Box every 30-60 minutes of activity, and/or \Box after activity. Avoid correcting high BG levels with insulin within one hour after activity ; BG levels typically drop on their own over a few hours because of exercise.					
Field Trip Information:					
 Parent or teacher should notify the school health office in advance (i.e. when planning the trip) so proper staff training can be completed prior to the trip. Adult staff must be trained and assigned responsibility for student's diabetes-related care during the trip. Extra snacks, the BG monitoring kit, insulin, supplies, pump supplies (if applicable), a copy of student's care plan, glucagon, and other emergency supplies must accompany student on the field trip. 					
Staff trained in BG testing and basic	management of student's	diabetes:			
Name:	Date	of training:			
Name:	Date	of training:			
□ Parent/guardian will notify the heath this does not include requests to over *Provider/diabetes team will not include requests to over this does not include requests the d	erride insulin pump dose r				
This Individualized School Diabe	etes Care Plan has beel	n reviewed and approved by:			
Provider signature		Date			
I give permission to the school health office, trained diabetes personnel, and other designated school staff members to carry out the tasks as outlined above in					
Acknowledged and approved by:					
Parent/Legal guardian signature		Date			
Parent/Legal guardian signature		Date			